

Moab Minerals Limited

ASX:MOM

A Diversified Asset Portfolio Across Commodities and Tier-1 Jurisdictions

Australia & USA



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Competent Person Statement

The information in this presentation as it relates to exploration results and geology was compiled by Mr Geoff Balfe who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and a Certified Professional. Mr Balfe is a consultant to Moab Minerals Ltd. Mr Balfe has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Balfe consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Investment Highlights

MOAB MINERALS LIMITED

A Diversified Asset Portfolio



Diversified asset portfolio across:

- Uranium, Gold, Base Metals, Vanadium, Copper and Cobalt.
- Two tier-Commodity¹ jurisdictions USA and Australia.

Moab Minerals Australian acquisition assets provide significant potential upside:

- Woodlands Gold & Base Metal Project multiple targets located in the Gascoyne Province of WA.
- Mt Amy Project multiple gold targets located within the Ashburton Basin of WA.

REX Project is highly prospective:

• With recent samples returning results with strongly anomalous uranium and vanadium results up to 0.53% U_3O_8 and 3.32% V_2O_5 .¹

Uranium prices are at 11 year highs:

• Driven by the need for decarbonised power, with the US seeking to secure domestic supply amid the current geopolitical situation.

Gold prices continue to test all time highs:

As investors seek safe haven investments.

Low market capitalisation compared to peers:

Providing a significant opportunity for the creation of shareholder value.

Corporate Snapshot



Board of Directors



Mr Malcolm Day

Managing Director

A civil engineer and licenced surveyor with 10 years of experience in the civil construction industry. Mr Day is also Non-Executive Director of European Lithium (ASX:EUR).



Mr Bryan Hughes

Non-Executive Chairman

Chairman of Pitcher Partners accountants, auditors and advisors, and has 30 years of experience in the resources sector. He has overseen commercial, operational and financial strategies which have led to the development and success of numerous companies.



Mr David Wheeler

Non-Executive Director

Over 30 years of senior executive management, directorships, and corporate advisory experience.

Proposed Capital Structure

727m Shares on issue	112m Unlisted Options (84m e 24m ex @ 2c and 4m ex	
\$14.5m Market Cap	\$5.1m	
\$8.4m Cash	11m EUR Shares - \$1m @ 9c (19/09/2022)	
Current Top 6 hold 27%	of MOM	
Malcolm Day		10.4%
BNP Paribas Nom		5.2 %
HSBC		4.5%
Andrew Spencer / Benidicte Sp	encer	3.5%
Coral Brook		2.4%
Jetmax Trading		1.2%
*Current Shareholding		

Acquisition of Nabberu Minerals Pty Ltd



A Strategic Acquisition

Moab Minerals has acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Nabberu Minerals Pty Ltd, with the Company now holding two new projects:



Woodlands Project (WA) – Gold & Base Metals (E 52/3895)

Owned by Nabberu and located in in the Gascoyne Province of Western Australia.



Mt Amy Project (WA) – Gold Target (E 08/3319)

Nabberu has applied for exploration licence E08/3319, located 107 km southeast of Onslow, Western Australia.



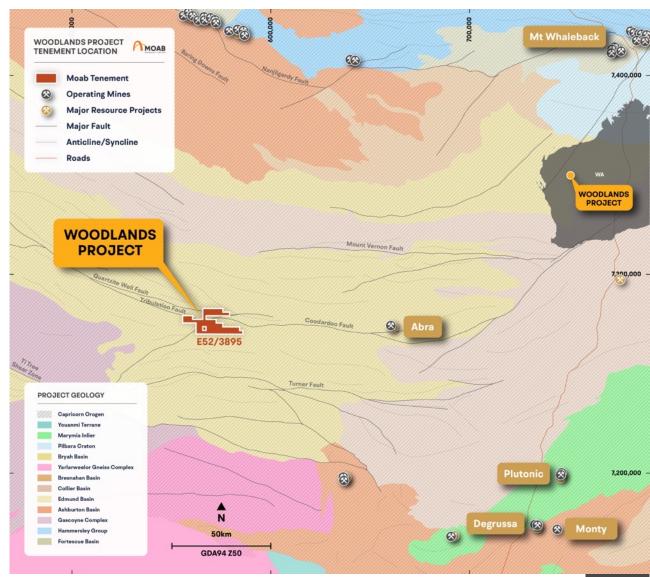




Woodlands Gold & Base Metals Project



- Early stage greenfields project located in the Gascoyne Province of Western Australia.
- Consists of one exploration licence (E52/3895) that was granted in January 2021 and covers 193km² (63 graticular blocks).
- Located 875km northeast of Perth, 245km southwest of Newman and 220km northwest of Meekathara.
- The Woodlands Mt Augustus Rd passes through the north of the tenement.
- The tenement straddles the boundary of the Shire of Upper Gascoyne and the Shire of Meekatharra.



Woodlands Project - Geology



Abra Style Base-Metal Mineralisation

- Considered prospective for Abra style base-metal mineralisation¹.
- The Woodlands Project is located in the Mesoproterozoic Edmund Basin, one of a series of sedimentary basins formed between the Archaean Yilgarn and Pilbara cratons.
- The stratigraphic sequence of coarse continental clastic sediments were deposited unconformably on the older Paleoproterozoic Ashburton and Blair Basin basement as alluvial fan and river channel deposits (Martin et al, 2005).
- These sediments were overlain by finer sandstones, siltstones, shales, and carbonates of the Edmund Group and intruded by mafic sills. The entire basin is folded on east-west to west-northwestern axes.

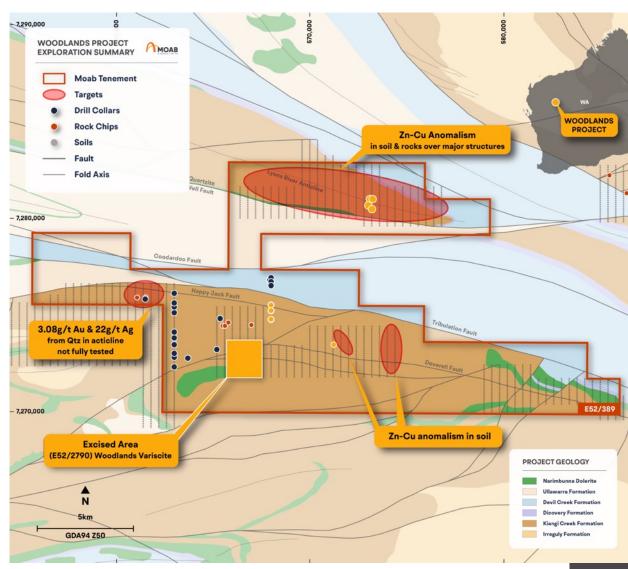


Woodlands Project - Previous Exploration



Underexplored and Highly Prospective

- Historic exploration within the Woodlands Project area has included aerial and ground geophysical surveys, mapping, rock sampling and lag sampling, and RAB, RC and diamond drilling.
- A database has been created for the Woodlands project, based on data available from historic WAMEX reports, containing:
 - 28 reverse circulation drillholes
 - 3 diamond drillholes
 - 4871 LAG samples (not all within lease boundary)
 - 57 rock samples
- Geopeko DDH to test outcropping quartz reef 3.08g/t Au and 22g/t Ag did not reach the target depth due to drilling problems – this prospect remains untested.
- Gold potential on-strike from variscite-gold prospect not followed up.



Woodlands Project - Historical Exploration



An Underexplored, High Potential Asset

Explaurum Ltd: 2014

- Reprocessed open-file geophysical data and field reconnaissance observed that mineralisation occurs as quartz-gossan breccia structures and as stratiform carbonate/silica +sulphide replacement.
- Mineralisation was predominantly Zn-Cu with minor Au-Pb (WAMEX report a104108).

BHP: 1994 - 1998

Fieldwork in proximity to the Woodlands tenure at Wittenoom Bore.

Western Mining Corporation: 1992 - 1994

- Explored the ground as part of the Munjang Project and conducted aerial magnetic survey, ground SIROTEM, gravity, magnetic and IP surveys, lag sampling (3122 samples) and RC drilling (WAMEX report a39472).
- Ten RC/D holes were drilled at Wittenoom Well West, testing Quartz Well fault intersection, with the best intercept being 18m @ 1040g/t Zn, including 12m @ 290g/t Cu in oxide material.
- At Wittenoom Well, 6 RC/D holes were drilled testing a magnetic/gravity anomaly. One diamond hole was drilled to 564m, through the gravity anomaly, which intersected a 23cm bed of pyrrhotitic silty shale (390.9m) which assayed 0.08% Cu, 0.14% Zn, 0.14% Pb.

Geopeko: 1981 - 1994

- Explored for magnetite associated base metal sulphide mineralisation within Bangemall Group sediments, and gold saddle reefs in structural traps (WAMEX report a13367).
- Completed aerial photography studies, aerial magnetics survey, ground magnetics/gravity/SIROTEM surveys, rock chip sampling, close spaced RAB over 4 geophysical targets, and 5 RC holes.
- The location of all sampling and drilling has been digitised from maps, so the confidence in accuracy is very low. Rock sampling returned; anomalous copper within thin (<1m) bands associated with variscite, anomalous Zn/Ag at "Anomaly 1", and anomalous Au from quartz-sulphide within a fold hinge.

Woodlands Project - Exploration Potential



Limited Historical Exploration

- Early explorers in the region recognized the prospective stratigraphy and identified gossans with highly anomalous Au, Ag, Pb, Zn values.
- RC and diamond drilling in the 1980/1990's targeted geophysical anomalies akin to the Abra deposit, however many holes did not reach target depth, leaving the targets untested.
- Historic surface geochemical exploration has identified numerous zinc – copper targets within favourable stratigraphy, which have not been drill tested.
- In 1994, WMC made a corporate decision not to explore for Zn-Pb deposits and ceased work without testing many targets.

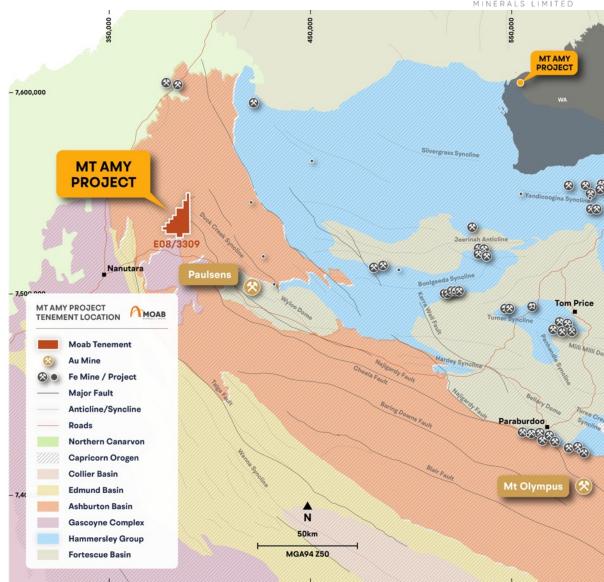




Mt Amy Project - Gold Target

- Comprises a single exploration licence application (E08/3319) covering an area of 155.34km² (49 graticular blocks).
- Located 1060km north of Perth and 107 km southeast of Onslow, in the Shire of Ashburton, Western Australia, and 43km northwest of the Paulsens Gold Mine (Northern Star Resources Ltd).
- Access from Perth is via the Great Northern Highway and North West Coastal Highway to the south of the tenement, then turning west on the Nanutarra Road.
- Gravel tracks provide access from the south and north of the tenure, and the Cane River runs east-west through the north of the property.
- A prominent 16km² outcrop in the centre of the tenure forms Mt Amy, which has a peak at 364m RL.





Mt Amy Project - Geology



A Tier-1 Location

- Located within the Ashburton Basin; a series of deformed Proterozoic metasedimentary and metavolcanic basins.
- The Ashburton basin is between the Pilbara and Yilgarn Cratons (Martin et al, 2005).
- Located at the north-western extent of the Nanjilgandy Fault, the same structural corridor that hosts the Paulsens and Mt Olympus Gold Deposits.
- Rocks within the project area are moderately well exposed.
- A single sample (15297) from report A9698 (Otter Exploration) of gossan within a 1m wide quartz vein returned 49% Pb, 17% Zn and 0.22% Cu and the minerals galena, chalcocite, smithsonite and cerussite were noted.
- Another sample (15280) from the same report, but without location details, returned assays of 3.7% Pb and 0.7% Zn (DMIRS, 2021).

Mt Amy Project - Previous Exploration



Limited Historic Exploration

Historic exploration within the Mt Amy Project area has included aerial and ground geophysical surveys, mapping, rock, soil and stream sampling, and vacuum drilling.

- A database has been created for the Mt Amy project, based on data available from historic WAMEX reports, containing:
 - 7 Drillholes Vacuum <20m depth
 - 142 Rock Samples
 - 79 Stream Sediment Samples
 - 5433 Soil Samples (including 3454 shallow vacuum samples <3m)

Mt Amy Project - Historical Exploration



An Underexplored, High Potential Asset

Fortescue Metals Group: 2012-2018

• Completed airborne magnetics and radiometric surveys, along with a regional scale geophysical review (see report WAMEX report a118598).

Sandfire Resource: 2005-2010

• Held the ground as part of their Urandy Project and completed airborne magnetic/radiometric survey and geochemical sampling (rock/soil/stream sediments) (WAMEX reports a89072, a080441, a078844), which returned a robust +7ppb gold in soil anomaly to the south of the Mt Amy massif.

Ashburton Minerals: 1997 – 1998

• Conducted stream sediment sampling during 1997/1998, with low level (0.3-1ppb Au) anomalism.

CRA Exploration: 1992 - 1993

• Explored the area with rock and soil sampling returned base metal anomalies associated with weak uranium anomalism.

Otter Exploration: 1981

- Explored for uranium in 1981 (WAMEX report a9698), and completed airborne spectrometer and ground scintillometer traversing with no encouraging uranium results.
- One rock sample from the southwest of Mt Amy returned very high-grade lead (49%), zinc (17.2%) and copper (0.22%) values from "Gossan w. galena, smithsonite, cerussite and minor chalcocite".
- The location of this sample has been digitised from a map. However, field validation and further mapping/sampling is required to understand the cause of this anomaly within a fold hinge.

Mt Amy Project - Exploration Potential



Multiple Gold Targets

- A conceptual gold target in the Ashburton Basin, without any sub-surface exploration.
- Historic surface sampling has outlined multiple anomalous areas, including a robust 1800m x 450m 7ppb gold in soil target to the southeast of the Mt Amy massif. However, significant areas of transported overburden are masking the underlying geology, which may link areas of anomalism.
- Historic rock sampling has returned significant base metal and gold assays, which have not been fully tested:
 - The gossan/quartz vein sampled by Otter Exploration (49% Pb, 17.2% Zn and 0.22% Cu), and the rock samples by CRA Exploration (up to 0.22% Co) need to be located, with mapping and further rock samples collected for verification of assays.
 - The 1800 x 450m gold soil anomaly has never been followed up.
 - Rock samples up to 0.63 g/t Au associated with mylonitic quartz veins were followed up with shallow vertical vacuum drill holes, which would not have been suitable for intersecting vertical quartz veins.

USA Exploration Assets

MOAB MINERALS LIMITED

A High Potential US Asset Portfolio

Moab Minerals holds three projects in the United States:



REX Project - Uranium-Vanadium



Speedway Project – Prospective for Gold



Highline Project – Copper-Cobalt



Uranium in the USA



The future of power in the US is Nuclear - Domestic supply must be secured



18.9% of Power in the US comes from Nuclear¹



US\$6b

Program by President
Biden to help save
nuclear power plants²



US\$2.5b

Committed to two projects to demonstrate new nuclear technology³



52% Clean
Energy
In the US is generated from nuclear power⁴



Less Than 9%
Of Uranium used in
US nuclear reactors is
produced
domestically⁵

^{1 -} https://www.eia.gov/tools/faqs/faq.php?id=427&t=3

^{2 -} https://www.reuters.com/business/energy/blow-biden-climate-plan-entergy-shuts-nuclear-power-plant-2022-05-20/#:~:text=The%20Biden%20administration%20last%20month,natural%20gas%20and%20renewable%20energy.

^{3 -} https://www.nytimes.com/2022/07/05/business/energy-environment/nuclear-energy-politics.html#:~:text=ln%20addition%20the%20%246,energy%20in%20the%20United%20States.

^{4 -} https://www.energy.gov/ne/articles/5-fast-facts-about-nuclear-energy

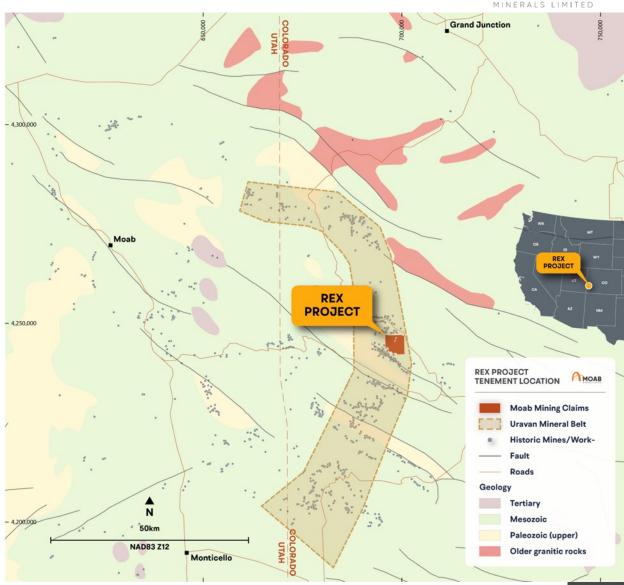
^{5 -} https://css.umich.edu/publications/factsheets/energy/nuclear-energyactsheet#:~:text=U.S.%20nuclear%20plants%20purchased%2022%2C135,%25)%20and%20Australia%20(11%25).&text=Globally%2C%20nuclear%20power%20reactors%20are,mt%20of%20uranium%20in%202021.



REX Uranium-Vanadium Project



- 60% owned by MOM and contains many historic uranium mines including Blackfoot/Rattlesnake, Wedge, Merry Widow, Sunbeam and Vanadium King that have not been subject to exploration since the 1970's other than sampling by MOM.
- 256 contiguous BLM mining claims (~5,000 acres which is 20km²).
- Located ~130 km east of the town of Moab.
- The region is famous for the nearby Mi Vida uranium mine discovered in 1952 by Charlie Steen – the Mt Vida district produced 22,000 tonnes of U₃0₈ to 1965¹.
- Within trucking distance of the White Mesa Mill, the only operating conventional uranium-vanadium mill in the US that has 90% spare capacity available to toll treat mined ore.

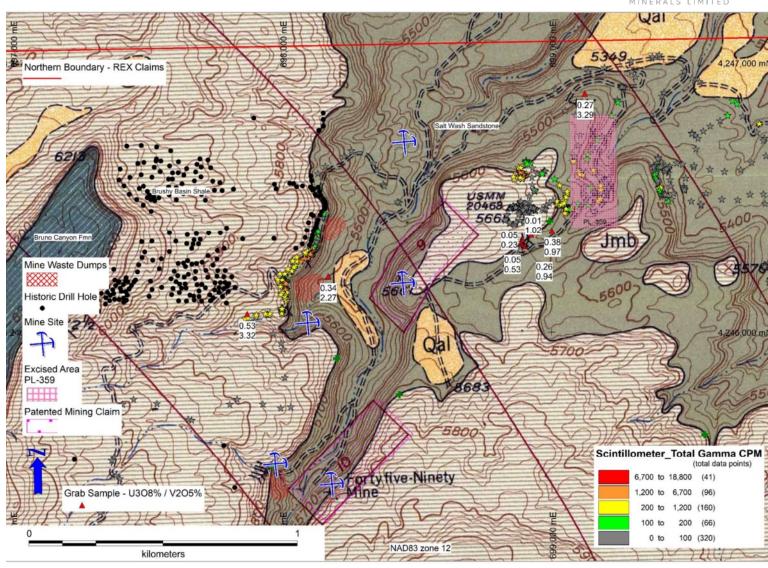


REX Project - Recent Exploration



High Grade Uranium & Vanandium

- Sample results with strongly anomalous uranium and vanadium up to 0.53% U_3O_8 and 3.32% V_2O_5 announced December 2021.¹
- Initial sampling program returned highgrade uranium and vanadium results, 12 samples recorded an average grade of 2,246ppm U₃O₈ (0.22%) with a peak value of 5,280ppm U₃O₈ (0.53%) returned.²
- Sampling of surface outcrops and selected underground workings has identified visible uranium mineralisation.
- Exploration is ongoing with mapping and sampling programs planned to establish the extent of the mineralisation and extrapolate trends into areas suitable for drill testing.

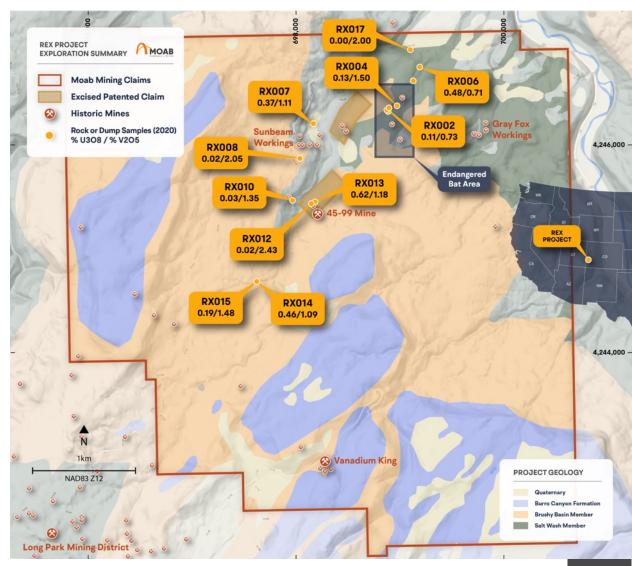


REX Project - Geology

The Famed Uravan Mineral Belt

- The Uravan Mineral Belt lies in southwestern Colorado and has been a major source of uranium and vanadium in the US for more than 100 years.
- Mineralisation occurs in the sandstones of the Salt Wash Member of Morrison Formation within well-defined, sandstone filled paleo river channels which are several hundred metres wide and up to a few kilometres long.
- In this belt the carnotite deposits generally have closer spacing, larger size, and higher grade.
- Mines within the confines of the Uravan mineral belt account for 85% of the uranium that has been produced in the area.
- Substantial potential exists to define significant uranium and vanadium mineralisation in areas where the prospective flat lying stratigraphy does not outcrop.
- Most deposits in the belt have uranium/vanadium ratios ranging from 1 part uranium to 5 or 10 parts vanadium.





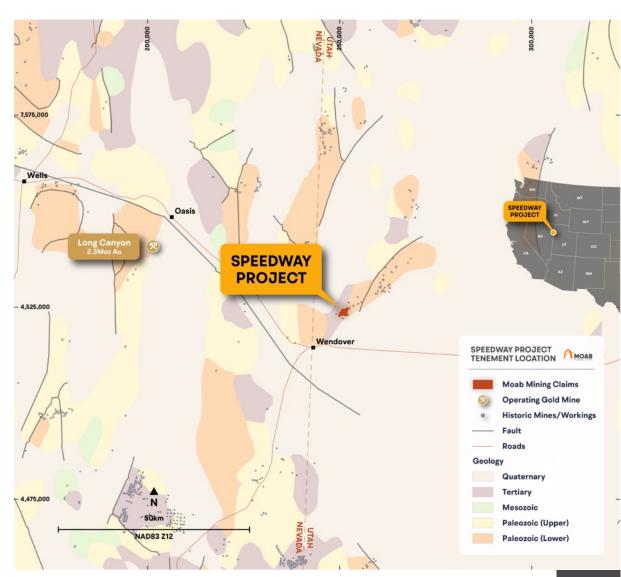


Speedway Gold Project - Overview



Carlin Style Gold Deposit

- Located only 40km's SE of the Long Canyon Gold Mine (2.2M oz), a 'Carlin style' deposit in eastern Nevada co-owned by Newmont Corp and Barrick.¹
- The Speedway Project is considered highly prospective for gold where the Company is targeting gold mineralisation in similar geological setting to Long Canyon.
- Long Canyon is a Carlin Type gold deposit that is not on the Carlin Trend, but in the shelf carbonate sequence that extends east of the Carlin Trend and into Utah.
- The discovery of a significant gold deposit so far east of the Carlin trend has raised awareness of the potential of far western Utah to host similar gold deposits as the Carlin Trend and Long Canyon.

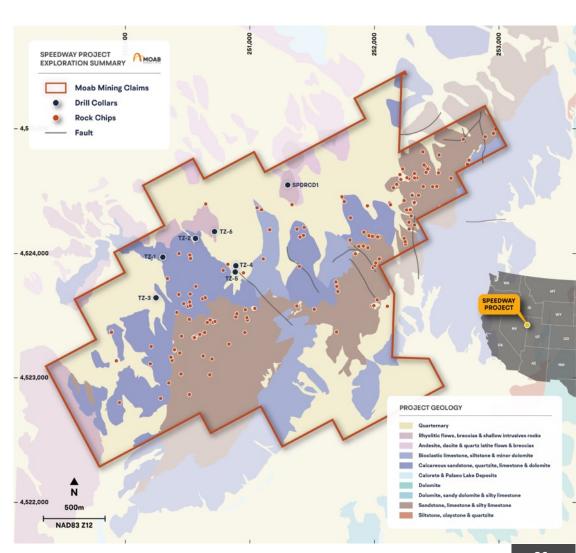


^{1 –} The Long Canyon Deposit: Anatomy of a New Off Trend Sedimentary Rock Hosted Gold Deposit: Moira T Smith; Economic Geology (2013) 108 (5): 1119 - 1145

Speedway Gold Project - Previous Exploration



- BHP is believed to have first located the Speedway project in 1995 as a result of geochemical sampling surveys.
- BHP carried out extensive rock chip sampling and geophysical IP surveys, however the IP surveys produced anomalies on the north side of the range in the alluvial pediment and this is where BHP concentrated its drilling.
- Historical database of over 800 historic rock chip samples with very limited follow-up testing of identified gold rock chip anomalies – strongly anomalous gold sample results over 2.5kms of strike.
- BHP drilled vertical RC holes TZ-1-TZ-6 with depths up to 219m but only TZ-5 was proximal to a geochemical gold anomaly and this drill hole intersected anomalous gold values from 173m-187.4m of 14.4m at 0.150ppm Au.
- Sampling completed by MOM, with results confirming the existence of multiple mineralised outcrops with strongly anomalous gold values associated with brecciated and altered limestone rocks.
- Further exploration work consisting of mapping and significant soil sampling will commence shortly with the aim of developing drill targets in Q3 2022.

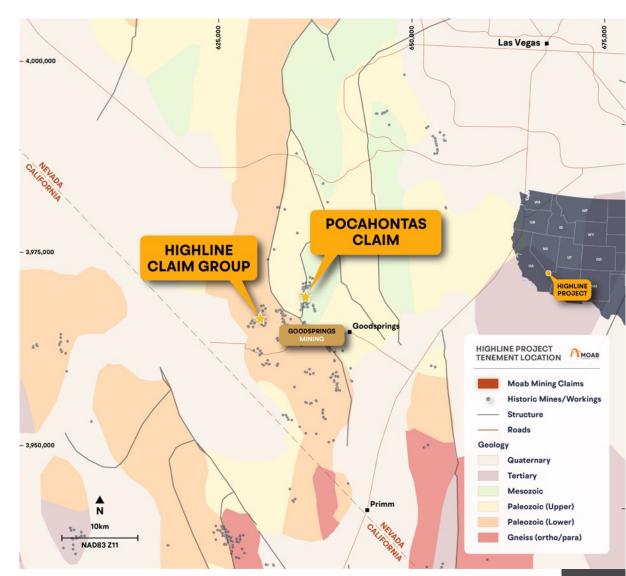




Highline Copper-Cobalt Project - Overview



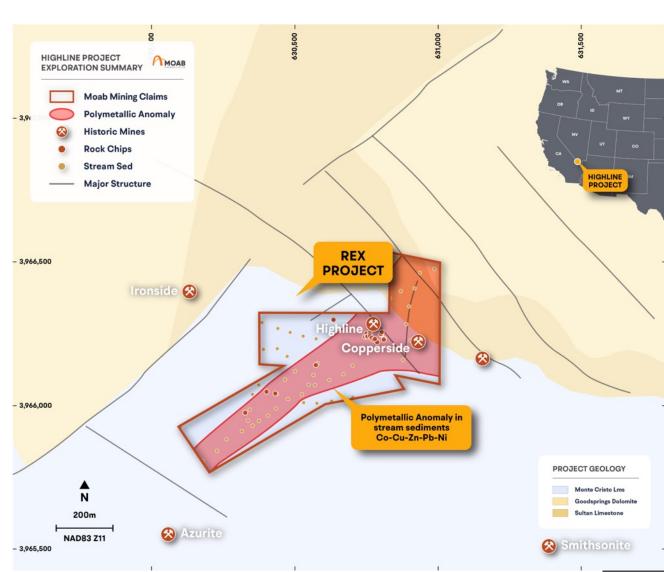
- Located in mineral rich Goodsprings district in Southern Nevada, USA surrounded by four historic Copper-Cobalt producing mines.
- Comprises 5 patented mining claims totaling 90.4 acres located 48 kms southwest of Las Vegas.
- The mineralisation is hosted within bedding planes in dolomitized limestones.
- Project area adjacent to ASX listed New World Cobalt's (NWC) claims and Tyranna Resources (TYX) claims.



Highline Project - Previous Exploration



- Sampling by the vendor has demonstrated the presence of high grade cobalt and copper mineralization including:
 - 7.08% cobalt and 2.48% copper
 - 2.13% cobalt and 1.48% copper
 - 1.53% cobalt and 7.93% copper
 - 0.32% cobalt and 12.4% copper¹
- Historical small scale mining occurred between 1917-1921 on the Highline claim group, with production results of up to 12.45% cobalt and an average production grade of 35% copper.
- Historical records¹ report that by the end of 1962, the Goodsprings District had yielded; 109,000 tons of zinc, 47,000 tons of lead, 2,500 tons of copper, 90,500 ounces of gold, 2,100,000 ounces of silver, and 5.5 tons of cobalt.



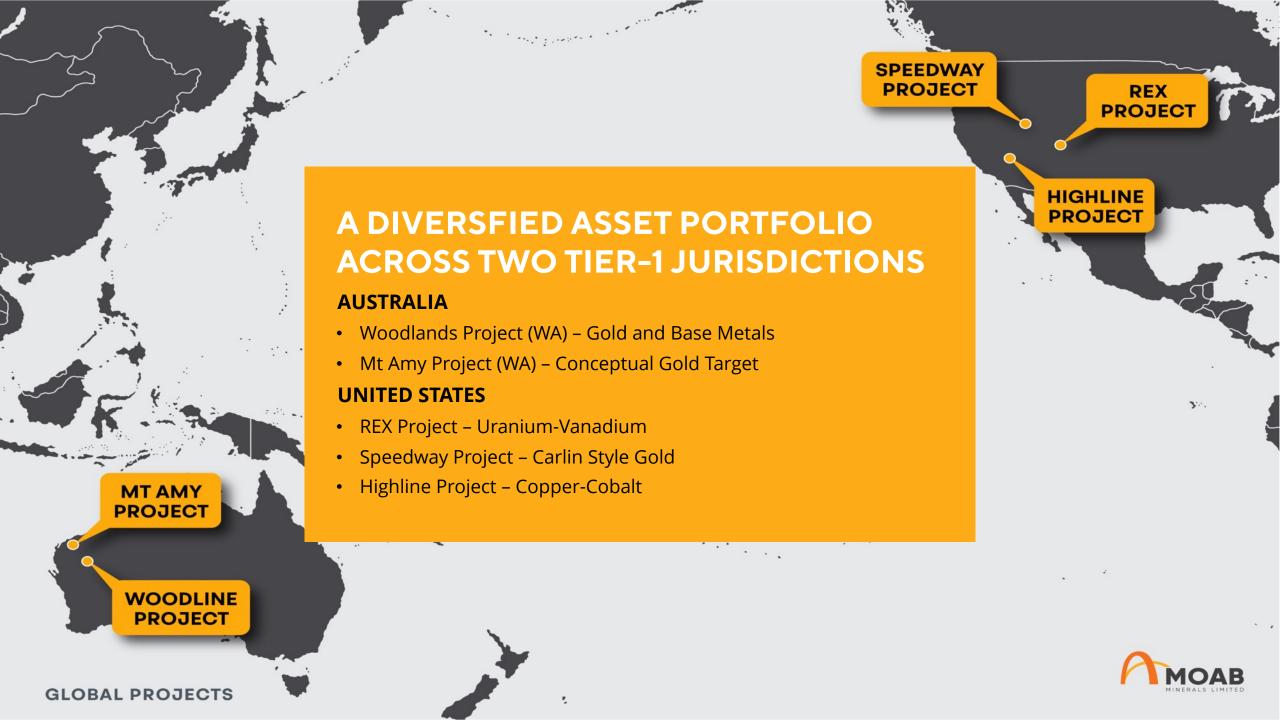
Highline Project - Previous Exploration



VISIBLE COPPER MINERALISATION AT HIGHLINE PROJECT









Appendix



Woodlands RC/DD drillhole information

Report	Hole ID	Туре	Area	East	North	Az	Dip	Depth	Company	Date	Comments
a13367	WWPDH1	RC	Wittenoom Well	565370	7274800			116	Geopeko	1982	
a13367	WWPDH2	RC	Anom4 – (Wittenoom Well West)	563700	7272750			38	Geopeko	1982	hole collapsed pisolites
a13367	WWPDH3	RC	Anom11	565200	7273200			32	Geopeko	1982	hole collapsed
a13367	WWPDH4	RC	Anom2 – (Wittenoom Well)	567920	7276800			60	Geopeko	1982	hole abnd. Water
a13367	WWPDH5	RC	Anom2 – (Wittenoom Well)	567940	7276800			64	Geopeko	1982	redrill of WWPHD4. abnd due to water
a13367	WWPDH6	RC	Anom27 anticline	561500	7275800	350	-75	82	Geopeko	1982	did not drill under Au in rock sample
a42068	MJGC08	RC	Wittenoom Well	568000	7276900	0	-90	132	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC09	RC	Wittenoom Well	568000	7274750	0	-90	64	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC11	RC	Wittenoom Well	568000	7275500	0	-90	100	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC12	RC	Wittenoom Well	568000	7276700	0	-90	132	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC13	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7273450	0	-90	58	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC14	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7272300	0	-90	150	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
42068	MJGC15	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7272800	0	-90	102	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC16	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7273000	0	-90	118	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC24	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7273800	0	-90	128	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC25	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7274100	0	-90	82	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC28	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7275100	0	-90	110	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC29	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7275400	0	-90	104	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC30	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7275600	0	-90	78	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
a42068	MJGC31	RC	Wittenoom Well West	563000	7276100	0	-90	114	WMC	1993	co-ords approx
42068	MJGD10	DD	Wittenoom Well	568000	7275200	0	-90	198	WMC	1993	
42068	MJGD26	DD	Wittenoom Well	568000	7276500	0	-67	564	WMC	1993	

Appendix



Woodlands RC/DD significant drilling intercepts

Report	Hole ID	Date	Reported Intercept
a13367	MJGC14	1993	10m @ 0.14% Zn f48m.
a13367	MJGD10	1993	42m @ 350g/t Cu in sediments. 2m @ 0.15% Zn at siltstone/dolerite contact.
a13367	MJGD26	1993	23cm pyrrhotitic silt shale bed 0.14%Zn, 0.14%Pb, 0.08%Cu

Woodlands significant rock assays

Report	Company	Date	Sample	East_GDA	North_GDA	Area	Description	Au ppb	Cu g/t	Pb g/t	Zn g/t	Ag g/t
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1913	573140	7280515	Wittenoom Well	Ironstone	-1	340	-5	8000	6.8
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1914	573141	7280515	Anom1	Gossanous shale	24	950	7	25000	2.2
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1915	573142	7280515	Anom1	Gossanous shale	-1	142	-5	2950	1.4
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1921	561521	7275900	Anom27	BIF/chert	164	79	28	49	8.2
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1930	561522	7275900	Anom27	.5m QI saddlereef	3080	115	390	100	22
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1931	561523	7275900	Anom27	.5m QI saddlereef	780	40	40	80	6.5
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1937	573144	7280515	Anom1	Dol.cem. F-mg ar	-1	115	5	2600	-0.1
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1938	573145	7280515	Anom1	Gossanous ironstone	-1	495	-5	7550	14.5
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	1939	573146	7280515	Anom1	X-cutting gossan	-1	270	-5	3800	10.5
a13367	Geopeko*	1982	18021	566560	7272175	Variscite	gossaneous shale	8	1150	-5	655	5
a39472	WMC	1992	AB388935	513200	7288600	MUNJANG	Ssl/Sct	17	1350	485	2100	7
a39472	WMC	1992	AB388936	513200	7288550	MUNJANG	Ssl/qtz	6	245	1550	340	9.5
a39472	WMC	1992	AB388937	513200	7288550	MUNJANG	Ssl	6	1150	30	2200	2.5
a39472	WMC	1992	AB388940	537200	7280500	MUNJANG	S	0.5	50	1	2300	2.5
a39472	WMC	1992	GB475827	573054	7280688	MUNJANG		10	2300	14	3950	14.5

Appendix



Mt Amy Significant Rock Assays

Report	Sample	East	North	company	date	Lith	Au ppb	Ag g/t	Co g/t	Cu g/t	Ni g/t	Pb g/t	Zn g/t
a009698	15297	385165	7537017	Otter Exploration	1981	Gossan in 1m qtz vein				2200		490000	172000
a038063	2312807	388739	7538755	CRA Exploration	1992	Ferrug Vein	2	-1	2200	580	1000	270	670
a038063	2312811	388639	7538755	CRA Exploration	1992		7	-1	980	350	380	-10	210
a038063	2733990	389439	7537755	CRA Exploration	1992	Sandstone. Ferrug. Minor Qtz vein.	411	-1	51	380	240	1600	320
a075199	UR0029	390544	7534840	Sandfire	2005	manganese along shear zone qtz vein	6			1203		84	209
a078844	UR0053	392729	7547442	Sandfire	2005	brecciated and calcretised metasediment	21	6		2235		3262	525
a078844	UR0054	392506	7547288	Sandfire	2007	ferricrete and manganese	-1	0.5		2236		1059	982
a078844	UR0065	382460	7530200	Sandfire	2007	gneissic granitoid with QV + magnetite	61	0.8		430		86	14
a078844	UR0066	382500	7532260	Sandfire	2007	QV magnetite	244	1.6		8917		18	29
a078844	UR0072	390010	7535650	Sandfire	2007	mylonitic QV + FeO galena?	663	0.1		59		730	344
a078844	UR0073	390000	7536900	Sandfire	2007	cherty shale + QV	46	0.2		170		105	184
a078844	UR0074	390000	7536950	Sandfire	2007	cherty shale + QV, axial cleavage, fold nose	35	0.7		763		111	293